UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC.,

Plaintiff.

v. Civil Action No.: 3:13-CV-1570 (GTS/ATB)

ANDREW R. MIHALKO JR., individually and as officer, director, shareholder and/or principal of OUR PLACE; and OUR PLACE,

Defendants.

GLENN T. SUDDABY, United States District Judge

ORDER GRANTING DEFAULT JUDGMENT

Default having been entered in this action against the above-captioned Defendants on May 21, 2014 (Dkt. No. 13), and Plaintiff's motion for default judgment (and supporting declarations) having been filed and served on Defendants on about June 4, 2014 (Dkt. No. 15), and no appearance having been made by Defendants in person or in writing since that time, and all other requirements for entry of default judgment having been satisfied pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b), it is hereby

ORDERED that Plaintiff's motion for default judgment (Dkt. No. 15) is **GRANTED**; and it is further

ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall enter judgment against Defendants ANDREW R. MIHALKO JR. and OUR PLACE, jointly and severally, and in favor of Plaintiff, JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC., in the amount of **\$5,532**, calculated as follows:

Principal Amount: \$3,900¹

Costs:

Filing Fees: \$350

Process Server: \$150

Investigation Fee: \$100²

Attorney's Fees: \$1,032

TOTAL: \$5,532.³

Dated: February 4, 2015 Syracuse, New York

Hon. Glenn T. Suddaby U.S. District Judge

Based on the Eastern District's reasoning in *Joe Hand Promotions, Inc. v. Elmore*, 11-CV-3761, 2013 WL 2352855, at *5-10 (E.D.N.Y. May 29, 2013), the Court calculates this principal amount as follows: (\$1,300 in statutory damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 605[e][3][C][i][II], given the Rate Card adduced by Plaintiff) + (\$2,600 in enhanced damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 605[e][3][C][ii], given the relatively small number of patrons in the establishment and the lack of evidence that Defendants committed similar acts either before or after the time in question) + (\$0 in conversion damages, given their apparent unavailability under New York law under the circumstances) = \$3,900.

Based on the lack of evidence adduced by Plaintiff regarding the amount of time necessary for the investigation, how much the "auditor" charged per hour, and why the auditor is qualified to demand the requested rate, the Court calculates a reasonable investigation fee to be $100 (1.0 \text{ hour } \times 100 \text{ per hour})$.

Based on the formulaic nature of Plaintiff's motion papers (including various errors therein, indicating they were hastily prepared), the after-the-fact nature of the time sheets, the lack of corroborating evidence that any demand letters were sent to Defendants, and the prevailing hourly rates for work of this complexity in the Northern District of New York, the Court calculates these attorney's fees as follows: $(4.0 \text{ hours } \times \$210 \text{ per hour for counsel's work} = \$840) + (1.2 \text{ hours } \times \$80 \text{ per hour for his paralegal's work} = \$96) + (1.2 \text{ hours } \times \$80 \text{ per hour for his administrative assistant's work} = \$96) = \$1,032.$